

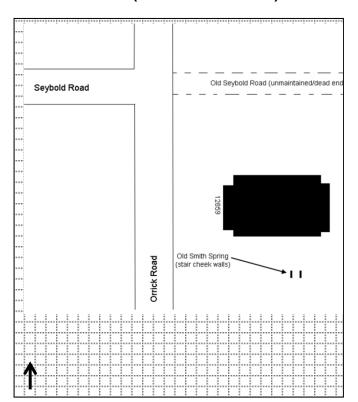
MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICE, P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102 ARCHITECTURAL/HISTORIC INVENTORY FORM

1. Survey No. CL-AS-010-024		Survey name: Mineral Water Resources of Excelsior Springs					
3. County: RY		4. Address (Street No.) 12859		Street (name) Orrick Road			
,		6. UTM: 15 S/ 3	6. UTM: 15 S/ 395539.34E/ 4353342.88N		7. Township/Range/Section: T: 52N R: 29W S:18		
8. Historic name (if known): Blue Rock Spring, Blue Rock Lithia Well, Old Smith Spring 9. Present/other name (if known): Easley Residence							
10. Ownership: ☐ Private ☐ Public		11a. Historic use (if known): HEALTH CARE/resort fac see current use)			11b. Current use: DOMESTIC/single dwelling; AGRICULTURE/ Agricultural field; storage		
HISTORICAL INFORMA	ATION						
12. Construction date: Ca. 1912			5. Architect:		18. Previously surveyed? Cite survey name in box 22 cont. (page 3)		
13. Significant date/period: Ca. 1915-1920s			6. Builder/contra	ctor:	19. On National Register? individual individ		
14. Area(s) of significance: HEALTH/MEDICINE			17. Original or significant owner: Frank Craven; E. E. Smith		20. National Register eligible? ☐ individually eligible ☐ district potential (☐ C☐ NC) ☐ not eligible ☐ not determined		
21. History and significance on continuation page			e. 🛛 22. Sources of informa		nformation on continuation page. 🛚		
ARCHITECTURAL INFO	ORMATIO	ON					
23. Category of property: ⊠ building(s) ⊠ site □ structure □ object			: Roof material: metal		37.Windows: ⊠ historic ☐ replacement Pane arrangement: 1/1		
24. Vernacular or property type: National folk (pyramidal)			. Chimney place Center	ement:	38. Acreage (rural): 2.0 Visible from public road? ⊠		
25. Architectural Style:			2. Structural syst rural	tem:	39. Changes (describe in box 41 cont.): Addition(s) Date(s): Altered Date(s):		
26. Plan shape: Rectangular			B. Exterior wall c Wood lap	ladding:	☐ Moved Date(s): ☐ Other Date(s):		
27. No. of stories:			l. Foundation ma stone	aterial:	Endangered by:		
28. No. of bays (1 st floor):			i. Basement type partial	e:	40. No. of outbuildings (describe in box 40 cont.): 2		
29. Roof type: Truncated hip			6. Front porch ty ben porch	pe/placement: full	 Further description of building features and associated resources on continuation page. 		
OTHER							
42. Current owner/address: Earl P & Laura J Easley 12859 Orrick Road			B.Form prepared eon Wolfenbarg pree Gables Pre		g.): 44. Survey date: 2012		
Excelsior Springs, MO 64024		32		load, Nederland, Co	45. Date of revisions:		
FOR SHPO USE							
Date entered in inventory:			Level of survey reconnaissance intensive		Additional research needed? ☐ yes ☐ no		
National Register Status: ☐ listed ☐ in listed district Name:			her:				
☐ pending listing ☐ eligible (individually) ☐ eligible (district) ☐ not eligible ☐ not determined							



LOCATION MAP (include north arrow)

SITE MAP/PLAN (include north arrow)



PHOTOGRAPH

Photographer: Kerry Davis

Date: 2/29/2012

Description:

(left) Looking northeast at front (west) & south elevations, & south yard – location of well; (right) looking south east across stone stair well remnants

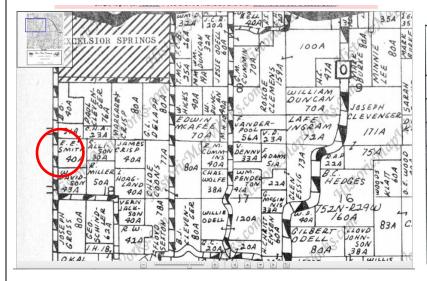


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ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:

21. (cont.) History and significance. Expand box as necessary, or add continuation pages.

Blue Rock Spring (also known as Old Smith Spring) was one of three waters owned by the Salt Sulphur Water Company - White Sulphur, Salt Sulphur and Blue Rock waters. In 1917, the offices for the Salt Sulphur Water Company were at 442 Concourse, but the waters were sold at two locations: the White Sulphur pavilion, and Harr's pavilion at 206 W. Broadway. Both locations "sold Hot or Cold over the counter at one cent per glass." The Blue Rock Spring water was in the *calcium bicarbonate/lithia* group (analysis below). Frank Craven owned the property in 1914; it was known as Blue Rock during this period. The Ray County Assessor's office provides a ca. 1912 construction estimate for the residence, and ca. 1920 for the two cattle sheds, so the associated dwelling was likely constructed for Craven. The spring produced about 50,000 gallons every twenty-four hours – more than any spring in town. The water's temperature was 52 degrees Fahrenheit. As seen in the historic postcard below, the spring was located below grade, and was surrounded by an ashlar limestone wall with concrete steps leading down from the yard. Additional site investigation may reveal remnants of the spring below grade, and thus possible eligibility under Criterion D.



Old Smith Analysis	Salts in Solution in Grains Per Gallon	
Calcium Bicarbonate	22.15	
Calcium Sulphate	2.78	
Magnesium Bicarbonate	2.33	
Silica	1.41	
Sodium Chloride	0.57	
Sodium Nitrate	1.06	
Fe and Al Oxide	0.23	
Fixed Residue	30.53	







Historic postcard

Photograph courtesy Dennis Hartman.



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22. (cont.) Sources of information. Expand box as necessary, or add continuation pages.

The Waters of Excelsior Springs: Valley of Vitality

1917 City Directory

Excelsior Springs Museum & Archives, "Old Smith Spring," folder V1.200.370

Ray County Assessor's Office

Ray County Plat maps - 1914, 1959

Dennis Hartman, photograph/postcard collection.

40. (cont.) Description of environment and outbuildings. Expand box as necessary, or add continuation pages.

The two acre property is located southeast of the intersection of Seybold and Orrick roads, within the city limits of Excelsior Springs but in Ray County. The land slopes down to the south. There are deciduous shade trees on the west, south, and east boundaries, and evergreen trees on the north. There are two gable metal roof, rectangular outbuildings north of the farm house. Their ridge lines run east/west, and they have vertical wood plank siding. Ray County parcel ID: 12-03-07-00-000-074.000

41. (cont.) Further description of important architectural features. Expand box as necessary, or add continuation pages. The few visible at-grade remnants of the spring site are located on the south side of the historic farmhouse. There are two rectangular concrete panels sunk in the ground, and are likely the tops of the supporting walls for the steps that led down into the sunken spring, although further investigation is warranted. Each section measures between 2.5'-3.5' in length, and 10"-12" in width